

Lec 18:

Uniform dist. over  $S(\mathbb{C}^d)$  - Symmetric subspace  $Sym^n(\mathbb{C}^d)$   
Invariant under any unitary  $| \varphi \rangle : S(\varphi) = | \varphi \rangle \quad \forall \varphi \in S_n$

$$\text{Proj} := \frac{1}{n!} \sum_{\sigma} \delta = \Pi_{n,d}$$

and

$$\dim \binom{n+d-1}{n}$$

$$E_{| \varphi \rangle} \{ | \varphi \rangle \otimes_n | \varphi \rangle \} \propto \Pi_{n,d}$$

Remark: (Rep. th.)  $\rho: G \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{C}^d)$   
 $g \mapsto A$  lin op. on  $\mathbb{C}^d$   
 $\rho(g h) = \rho(g) \rho(h)$

$$V := \{ | \varphi \rangle \in \mathbb{C}^d : \rho(g) | \varphi \rangle = | \varphi \rangle \quad \forall g \in G \}$$

$$\text{Proj onto } V = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_g \rho(g)$$

$$Sym^n(\mathbb{C}^d) := \text{span} \left\{ | \varphi \rangle \otimes_n : | \varphi \rangle \in \mathbb{C}^d \right\}$$

$$\boxed{A_1} \xrightarrow{\dots} \boxed{A_n} \quad \rho^{\otimes n} \circ$$

$$I_{A^n}$$

Apply random permutation  $\frac{1}{n!} \sum_{\sigma} \delta / A^n \delta^+ = \delta_A^n$

$\delta_A^n$  is sym.  $\approx \sum \lambda_i \delta_i^{\otimes n}$ ?

## Quantum de finetti's theorem

$$|\Phi\rangle \in \text{Sym}^n(\mathbb{C}^d) \quad 1 \leq k \leq n$$

$\Rightarrow \tau_{AK}$  density op on  $(\mathbb{C}^d)^{\otimes K}$   
 convex combination of  $(|\psi\rangle\langle\varphi|)^{\otimes k}$

$$\left\| \operatorname{tr}_{A_{K+1} \dots A_n} (|\Phi\rangle\langle\Phi|) - \tau \right\|_1 \leq \frac{+k(d-1)}{n+1}$$

- classical prob. — mixed states

Proof  $\tau = \binom{n+d-1}{n} \underset{|\psi\rangle}{\mathbb{E}} \langle \Phi | (|\psi\rangle\langle\varphi|)^{\otimes n} |\Phi\rangle \langle \psi |^{\otimes K}$

## Optimal cloner

$$\Phi: |\psi\rangle^{\otimes n} \longrightarrow |\psi\rangle^{\otimes m} \quad m > n$$

$$\alpha(\Phi) := \inf_{|\varphi\rangle} \langle \varphi |^{\otimes m} \Phi(|\varphi|^{\otimes n}) |\psi\rangle^{\otimes m}$$

$$\text{optimal value} := \frac{\binom{n+d-1}{n}}{\binom{m+d-1}{m}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha(\Phi) &\leq \underset{\varphi}{\mathbb{E}} \langle \varphi |^{\otimes m} \Phi(|\varphi|^{\otimes n}) |\psi\rangle^{\otimes m} \\ &\leq \underset{\varphi}{\mathbb{E}} \langle \varphi |^{\otimes m} \Phi(\Pi_{n,d}) |\psi\rangle^{\otimes m} \\ &= \operatorname{tr} \left( \Phi(\Pi_{n,d}) \cdot \frac{\Pi_{m,d}}{\binom{m+d-1}{m}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$\leq \cdot$

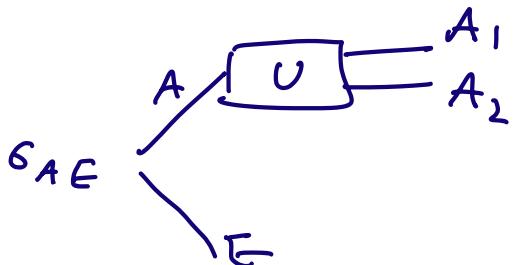
$$\Phi(X) := \frac{N_n}{N_m} \Pi_{m,d}(X \otimes 1) \Pi_{n,d} + \langle 1 - \Pi, X \rangle \delta$$

$$\underbrace{\langle \varphi |^{q^n} \frac{N_n}{N_m} \Pi_{m,d} (\varphi^{\otimes n} \otimes 1) \Pi_{n,d} | \varphi \rangle}_{\frac{d}{dt}|t=0}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}|t=0$$

Hann meas.

Decoupling



$$\sigma_{A_2 E}^U := \text{tr}_{A_1} \left( U_A \otimes 1_E \sigma_{AE} U_A \otimes 1_E \right)$$

$$\|E_J\| \leq \|\sigma_{A_2 E}^U - \frac{1_{A_2}}{\|1_{A_2}\|} \otimes \sigma_E\|_1 \leq \frac{\|1_{A_2}\| \|E\|}{\|1_{A_1}\|} + \text{tr}(\sigma_{AE}^2)$$

quantum capacity of quantum channel - quantum grise ampl

